

Класове в C++ (упражнение)

(Rev: 1.1)

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Point.hpp

```
1 #ifndef POINT_HPP_
2 #define POINT_HPP_
3
4 class Point {
5     double x_, y_;
6 public:
7     Point(double x=0.0, double y=0.0)
8         : x_(x), y_(y)
9     {}
10    double get_x(void) const {return x_;}
11    double get_y(void) const {return y_;}
```

Point.hpp

```
12 Point& set_x(double x) {
13     x_=x;
14     return *this;
15 }
16 Point& set_y(double y) {
17     y_=y;
18     return *this;
19 }
20 void print() const;
21 };
22
23 #endif
```

Point.cpp

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3
4 #include "Point.hpp"
5
6 void Point::print() const {
7     cout << "(" << x_ << ", " << y_ << ")";
8 }
```

Rectangle.hpp

```
1 #ifndef RECTANGLE_HPP_
2 #define RECTANGLE_HPP_
3
4 #include "Point.hpp"
5
6 class Rectangle {
7     Point bl_, ur_;
8
9     static double max(double a, double b) {
10        return a>b?a:b;
11    }
12    static double min(double a, double b) {
13        return a<b?a:b;
14    }
```

Rectangle.hpp

```
16 public:
17     Rectangle(const Point& p1,
18               const Point& p2);
19     double get_width() const;
20     double get_height() const;
21     double get_x() const;
22     double get_y() const;
23     const Point& get_ur() const;
24     const Point& get_bl() const;
25     void print() const;
26 };
27 #endif
```

Rectangle.cpp

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3
4 #include "Rectangle.hpp"
5
6 Rectangle::Rectangle(const Point& p1,
7                      const Point& p2)
8     : bl_(min(p1.get_x(), p2.get_x()),
9           min(p1.get_y(), p2.get_y())),
10       ur_(max(p1.get_x(), p2.get_x()),
11            max(p1.get_y(), p2.get_y()))
12 {}
```

Rectangle.cpp

```
14 double Rectangle::get_x() const {
15     return bl_.get_x();
16 }
17 double Rectangle::get_y() const {
18     return bl_.get_y();
19 }
20 const Point& Rectangle::get_bl() const {
21     return bl_;
22 }
23 const Point& Rectangle::get_ur() const {
24     return ur_;
25 }
```

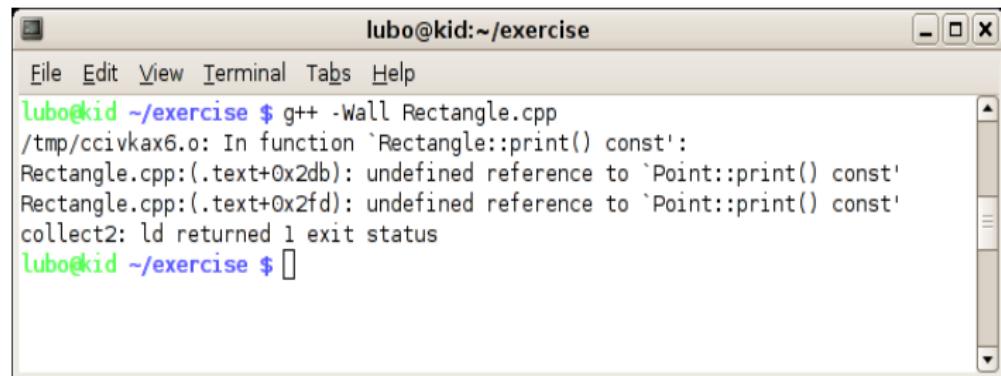
Rectangle.cpp

```
26 double Rectangle::get_width() const {
27     return ur_.get_x()-bl_.get_x();
28 }
29 double Rectangle::get_height() const {
30     return ur_.get_y()-bl_.get_y();
31 }
32 void Rectangle::print() const {
33     cout << "R{";
34     bl_.print();
35     cout << ";" ;
36     ur_.print();
37     cout << "}";
38 }
```

Rectangle.cpp

```
1 int main(void) {
2     Rectangle r1(Point(0,0), Point(2,2));
3     Rectangle r2(Point(-1,-2), Point(2,1));
4
5     r1.print(); cout << endl;
6     r2.print(); cout << endl;
7     return 0;
8 }
```

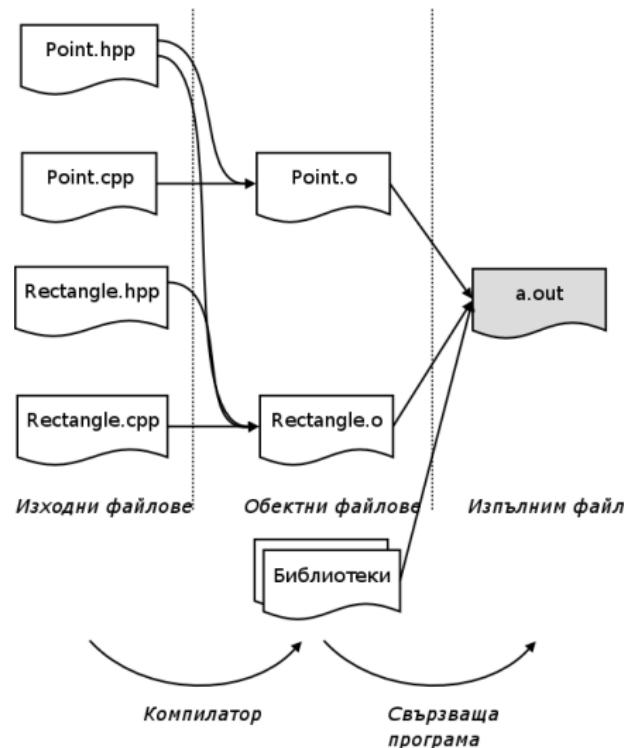
Разделно компилиране



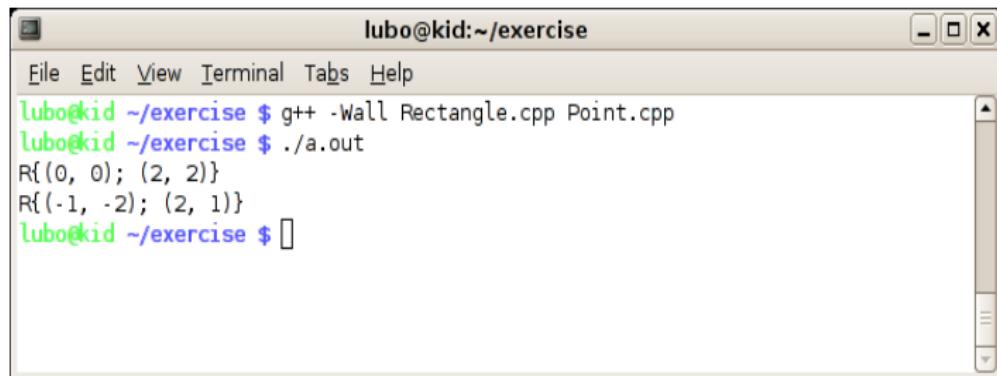
A screenshot of a terminal window titled "lubo@kid:~/exercise". The window has standard window controls (minimize, maximize, close) at the top right. The menu bar includes "File", "Edit", "View", "Terminal", "Tabs", and "Help". The terminal itself shows the following output:

```
lubo@kid ~/exercise $ g++ -Wall Rectangle.cpp
/tmp/ccivkax6.o: In function `Rectangle::print() const':
Rectangle.cpp:(.text+0x2db): undefined reference to `Point::print() const'
Rectangle.cpp:(.text+0x2fd): undefined reference to `Point::print() const'
collect2: ld returned 1 exit status
lubo@kid ~/exercise $
```

Разделно компилиране



Разделно компилиране



A screenshot of a terminal window titled "lubo@kid:~/exercise". The window has a standard OS X-style title bar with icons for close, minimize, and maximize. The menu bar includes "File", "Edit", "View", "Terminal", "Tabs", and "Help". The main pane displays the following terminal session:

```
lubo@kid ~/exercise $ g++ -Wall Rectangle.cpp Point.cpp
lubo@kid ~/exercise $ ./a.out
R{(0, 0); (2, 2)}
R{(-1, -2); (2, 1)}
lubo@kid ~/exercise $
```

Разделно компилиране

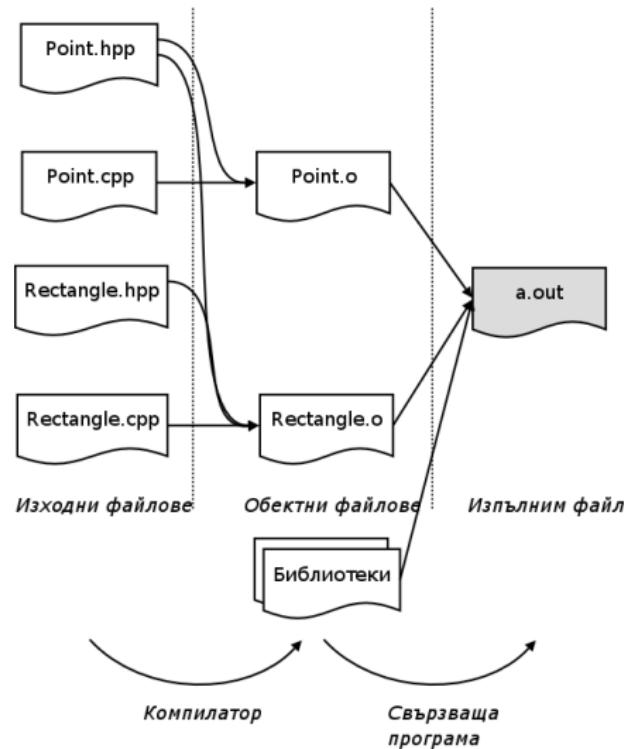
- Следната команда се опитва да създаде изпълним файл a.out.

```
g++ -Wall Rectangle.cpp
```

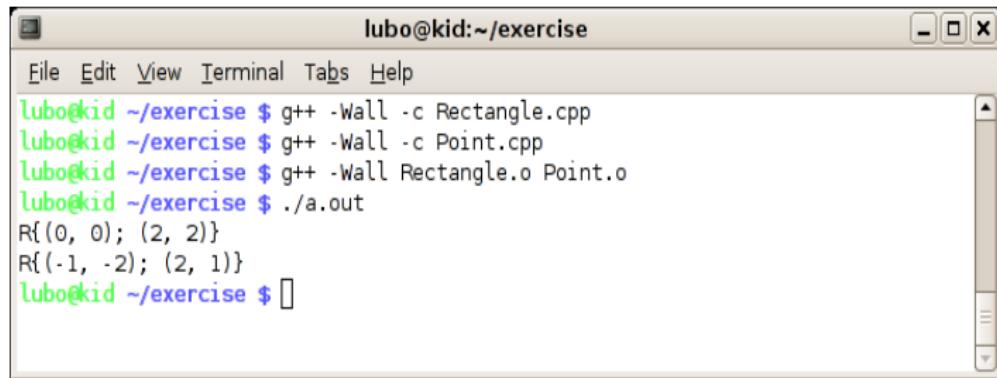
- Следната команда създава обектен файл Rectangle.o.

```
g++ -Wall -c Rectangle.cpp
```

Разделно компилиране



Разделно компилиране



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "lubo@kid:~/exercise". The window has a standard title bar with icons for minimize, maximize, and close. Below the title bar is a menu bar with "File", "Edit", "View", "Terminal", "Tabs", and "Help". The main area of the terminal displays the following command-line session:

```
lubo@kid ~/exercise $ g++ -Wall -c Rectangle.cpp
lubo@kid ~/exercise $ g++ -Wall -c Point.cpp
lubo@kid ~/exercise $ g++ -Wall Rectangle.o Point.o
lubo@kid ~/exercise $ ./a.out
R{(0, 0); (2, 2)}
R{(-1, -2); (2, 1)}
lubo@kid ~/exercise $
```